

## ALDH2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

# Catalog #: EAB13654

| Host/Isotype | Clonality  | Applications         | MW (kDa) | Reactivity        |
|--------------|------------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Rabbit IgG   | Polyclonal | WB, IHC-P, IF, ELISA | 56       | Human, Mouse, Rat |

#### **Applications Dilutions**

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

| WB(Western Blotting)                     | 1:500-2000   |
|--|--------------|
| IHC-P(Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin)     | 1:50-300     |
| IF(Immunofluorescence)                   | 1:50-300     |
| ELISA(Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay) | 1:5000-20000 |
|  |              |

#### **Product Information**

| Conjugate      | Unconjugate  |
|----------------|--|
| Specificity    | ALDH2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ALDH2 protein.   |
| Purification   | Affinity purification  |
| Concentration  | 1mg/ml   |
| Format         | Liquid   |
| Formulation    | In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol.  |
| Shipping       | Gel Pack   |
| Storage        | Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.<br>Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks. |
| UniProt ID     | <u>P05091</u>  |
| Entrez-Gene ID | <u>217</u>   |

### **Product Description**

This protein belongs to the aldehyde dehydrogenase family of proteins. Aldehyde dehydrogenase is the second enzyme of the major oxidative pathway of alcohol metabolism. Two major liver isoforms of aldehyde dehydrogenase, cytosolic and mitochondrial, can be distinguished by their electrophoretic mobilities, kinetic properties, and subcellular localizations. Most Caucasians have two major isozymes, while approximately 50% of East Asians have the cytosolic isozyme but not the mitochondrial isozyme. A remarkably higher frequency of acute alcohol intoxication among East Asians than among Caucasians could be related to the absence of a catalytically active form of the mitochondrial isozyme. The increased exposure to acetaldehyde in individuals with the catalytically inactive form may also confer greater susceptibility to many types of cancer. This gene encodes a mitochondrial isoform, which has a low Km for acetaldehydes, and is localized in mitochondrial matrix. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

## For Reserch Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures

EbioCell Lifescineces, Inc.

Add: Imperial Business Park 4819 Emperor Boulevard, Suite 408 Durham, NC 27703, USA