

#### **Product Datasheet**

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# Phospho-DBC1 (Thr454) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB13277

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB	103	Human, Mouse, Rat

## **Applications Dilutions**

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. 1:500-2000

**WB**(Western Blotting)

### **Product Information**

Conjugate Unconjugate

Phospho-DBC1 (Thr454) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of DBC1 only Specificity

when phosphorylated on Thr454.

**Purification** Affinity purification

Concentration 1mg/ml **Format** Liquid

**Formulation** In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol.

Shipping

Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Storage

Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks.

**UniProt ID** Q8N163 **Entrez-Gene ID** 57805

#### **Product Description**

DBC-1 (deleted in breast cancer gene 1 protein), also known as p30 DBC protein, is one of the genes located within the region of chromosome 8 (8p21-8p23) that is homozygously deleted in some breast cancers. DBC-1 contains a nuclear localization signal, an Nterminal leucine zipper, an EF hand and a C-terminal coiled-coil region. DBC-1 is closely related to DIS but lacks the SAP domain. During death signaling mediated by TNFα, endogenous DBC-1 undergoes caspase-dependent processing to generate DBC-1 p120 and p66, both of which include the C-terminus of the protein. Both DBC-1 p120 and p66 relocate to the cytoplasm. Overexpression of the DBC-1 p120 form results in mitochondrial clustering and matrix condensation and increases the sensitivity of cells to TNFα-mediated apoptosis. In addition, DBC-1 directly interacts with unliganded ERa, stabilizing its expression and therefore collaborating to suppress apoptosis and promote hormone-independent cell growth.