

## **Product Datasheet**

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# Phospho-PKCδ (Ser645) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB10441

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB, IHC-P, IF, ELISA	78	Human, Monkey

# **Applications Dilutions**

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

WB(Western Blotting) 1:500-2000
IHC-P(Immunohistochemistry-Paraffin) 1:50-300
IF(Immunofluorescence) 1:50-300
ELISA(Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay) 1:5000-20000

### Product Information

Conjugate Unconjugate

Specificity

Phospho-PKCδ (Ser645) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKCδ only

when phosphorylated at Ser645.

**Purification** Affinity purification

Concentration1mg/mlFormatLiquid

Formulation In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol

Shipping Gel Pack

Storage Storag

Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks

 UniProt ID
 Q05655

 Entrez-Gene Id
 5580

#### **Product Description**

PKC $\delta$  (also designated PKCdelta, PRKCD) is a member of the protein kinase C family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases. Members of the protein kinase C (PKC) family play a key regulatory role in a variety of cellular functions, including cell growth and differentiation, gene expression, hormone secretion and membrane function. PKCs were originally identified as serine/threonine protein kinases whose activity was dependent on calcium and phospholipids. Diacylglycerols (DAG) and tumor promoting phorbol esters bind to and activate PKC. PKCs can be subdivided into at least two major classes, including conventional (c) PKC isoforms ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ I,  $\beta$ II and  $\gamma$ ) and novel (n) PKC isoforms ( $\delta$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\zeta$ ,  $\eta$  and  $\theta$ ). Patterns of expression for each PKC isoform differ among tissues and PKC family members exhibit clear differences in their cofactor dependencies. For instance, the kinase activities of nPKC  $\delta$  and  $\epsilon$  are independent of Ca2+. On the other hand, nPKC  $\delta$  and  $\epsilon$ , as well as all of the cPKC members, possess phorbol ester-binding activities and kinase activities.