

Product Datasheet

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FGFR1/2/3/4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: EAB10097

Host/Isotype	Clonality	Applications	MW (kDa)	Reactivity
Rabbit IgG	Polyclonal	WB	92	Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications Dilutions

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user. 1:500-2000

WB(Western Blotting)

Product Information

Conjugate Unconjugate

Specificity FGFR1/2/3/4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of FGFR1/2/3/4 protein.

Purification Affinity purification

Concentration 1mg/ml **Format** Liquid

Formulation In PBS, pH 7.4, Containing 0.02% sodium azide, 0.5% BSA and 50% Glycerol

Gel Pack Shipping

Store at -20°C least 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Storage

Aliquots may be stored at +4°C for 1-2 weeks

UniProt ID P11362 **Entrez-Gene Id** 2260

Product Description

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Pfeiffer syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Antley-Bixler syndrome, osteoglophonic dysplasia, and autosomal dominant Kallmann syndrome 2. Chromosomal aberrations involving this gene are associated with stem cell myeloproliferative disorder and stem cell leukemia lymphoma syndrome. Alternatively spliced variants which encode different protein isoforms have been described; however, not all variants have been fully characterized.